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EXTRA.
2 O'CLOCK.
AFTER POLICE AGAIN.

Dr. Parkhurst Makes Another Visit to the Grand Jury.

Calls on Col. Fellows, as Does Police Commissioner Sheehan.

Rumor that Police Extortion Indictments Will Follow.

Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, Frank Moss and Police Commissioner Sheehan had a conference with District-Attorney Fellows this morning in the latter's private office.

The nature of the conference could not be learned, and all parties refused to talk. Shortly before noon Dr. Parkhurst went before the Grand Jury and remained before that body for nearly half an hour.

It is said that Dr. Parkhurst is about to fire another bomb into the Police Department camp. It is believed that Dr. Parkhurst has submitted to the District-Attorney charges of extortion against some policemen.

Police Commissioner John C. Sheehan also made a lengthy call on Col. Fellows this morning.

RUN DOWN BY A TROLLEY CAR.

Mrs. Eliza Bush Badly Injured on Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Metorman and Conductor Refuse to Tell a Policeman Their Names.

Mrs. Eliza Bush, sixty-six years old, of 697 Sixth avenue, attempted to cross Fifth avenue, Brooklyn, near the corner of Fourth street, this morning, when trolley car No. 71 came speeding along and knocked her down.

Mrs. Bush sustained a fracture of the collar bone, her right knee was injured and she was badly bruised all over the body. An ambulance surgeon was called, but she refused his assistance.

She was carried to the home of a friend in Third street, where she was attended by Dr. Purdy.

Policeman Casey, of the Fifth avenue station, boarded the car and asked the names of the motorman and conductor. His request was refused and he was ordered off the car so that it could proceed on its trip.

He explained to Commissioner Welles why he failed to arrest the pair.

HOSPITAL PATIENT A SUICIDE.

Gray Made an Opening in the Fence and Jumped into the River.

The fact that a patient in the Hospital for Nervous Diseases, on Blackwell's Island, committed suicide there on Sunday last, was reported to the Coroner's office this morning.

The name of the suicide is Francis S. Gray, aged twenty, and he was sent to the hospital on July 21 of last year.

About 8 o'clock Sunday morning Gray went into the hospital yard, which fronts on the river. Another patient saw him tear two or three palings off the fence and jump through the hole into the river. He sank beneath the surface and never rose again. A search made for the body resulted in nothing.

To-day Thomas Gray, of 528 West Twentieth street, was informed of his son's death, and, for the first time, the Coroner's office was notified.

SUGAR SAVED THE DAY.

Its Advance Kept the Market from a General Decline.

JOSIE THREATENS SUICIDE.

Didn't Know 'Twas a Fence Where She Was Arrested.

Proprietor "John Doe" Bailed, but His Customers All Held.

The persons who were arrested yesterday in the "fence" at 42 Division street, were this morning, with the exception of "John Doe," remanded at the Essex Market Court for examination to-morrow morning. John Doe, who is charged with being the proprietor of the place, was allowed to go on \$1,000 bail also for examination to-morrow morning.

The examinations were at first set down for this afternoon, but on the request of Emanuel M. Friend, of Friend & House, of the Police Building, who appeared for "John Doe," they were put off until to-morrow.

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IS DA GAMA TO DIE? M'KANE JURY LATE.

Brazilian Rebel Admiral Reported in a Critical Condition.

Badly Wounded in the Engagement at Armacao Friday.

(Copyright, 1914, Associated Press.) RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 13.—Admiral Saldanha da Gama, the rebel commander, who was wounded in the neck and arm by Mannlicher bullets during the battle of Armacao on Friday last, is in a critical condition.

It was at first supposed that the Admiral's wounds were insignificant, but it is said that he is so seriously injured that he may die.

Every effort is being made to save the Admiral's life.

AN AVENGER OF VAILLANT.

So the New Anarchist Bomb-Thrower Styles Himself.

(By Associated Press.) PARIS, Feb. 13.—Leon Breton, the anarchist waiter who threw a bomb into a cafe beneath the Hotel Terminus, opposite the St. Lazare railroad station last night, behaves with the most cynical effrontery. When asked this morning if he had ever before appeared in a police court, the prisoner coolly remarked: "It is not my custom to frequent such places."

In answer to further questions, Breton said that he had fired his revolver at the police because, in chasing him after he had thrown the bomb, they drew their pistols against him.

The prisoner was here interrupted by one of the policemen, who exclaimed: "You fired at us when we were the persons protecting you from being torn to pieces by the police."

To this Breton replied: "That proves that the people are a wretched lot. In any case, whether I die now or two months later, does not matter a straw to me."

It is now estimated that twenty or more people were injured by Breton's bomb, and that five people were wounded by the revolver shots which he fired while being pursued by or struggling with the police.

After the explosion the police arrested a man who was found trying to conceal himself about the St. Lazare Railroad station, and who refused to give his name. He is believed to be an anarchist, and may possibly turn out to be an accomplice of Breton.

During the course of his vaporous after arrest Breton informed the doctor who was dressing a wound inflicted upon him by a sabre in the hands of one of the policemen, that his hatred of the police was the cause of his actions.

Col. Bacon was also questioned as to the alleged attack on the anarchist, and the effect that he was going to take an armed force down to Gravesend and arrest the anarchist.

Col. Bacon flatly denied ever having been in the neighborhood of the anarchist, and said that he was not in the neighborhood of the anarchist.

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Juryman Walker Had Two Chills at the Hotel St. George.

Gravesend Election Returns Admitted in Rebuttal.

The Last Vote 1,500 More than It Was in 1901.

There were wild rumors flying about the Court-House in Brooklyn this morning prior to the resumption of the trial of John V. McKane in the Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Nine o'clock is the time set for the trial to be resumed each morning. Since the trial began there has been no deviation from this rule. The regular court hours were on hand as usual this morning, notwithstanding the blizzard weather, and Justice Bartlett took his seat at the usual time. But where was the jury?

Five minutes passed and there was no sign of the twelve men. At 9:10 people in the court-room began to look inquiringly at each other. Several got up and went out, and it took but a few minutes to spread the rumor that there was something wrong with the jury. All sorts of stories were circulated, but the jury turned up all right at 9:20.

When the jurors filed into the box every eye was closely scanned by the lawyers on both sides. Juror William Walker looked as if he might have had something to do with the delay, and so it turned out.

It was learned that Mr. Walker had a severe chill at the St. George Hotel last night, and that he had another this morning. It was the defendant's attorney, Juror Walker's recovery from the chill which was the cause of the stage wait in the court-room.

As soon as the jurors had taken their seats Justice Bartlett announced that he had decided to admit in evidence the statements of the results in the Gravesend election of 1901 and 1902. The court thought that they were admissible as evidence in rebuttal as bearing on the question of the marked increase in the voting population of Gravesend during the last three years, as alleged by the defense.

Justice Bartlett decided, however, that the School Board's annual reports for 1901 and 1902 were not admissible, and they were excluded.

Then Mr. Shepard read from the statement of results of the Gravesend election of 1901 and 1902, as follows: First District, 317; Second District, 216; Third District, 187; Fourth District, 187; Fifth District, 143; Sixth District, 251; Total, 1,501.

This is about 1,500 votes less than were cast at the last election.

This having been disposed of, the first witness of the day was called in the person of George M. Henderson, a real-estate broker, of 674 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Henderson was one of the watchers in Col. Bacon's party on election day. He told how he was tipped off by an informer who caught him on the chin while he was in the Town Hall, and how he was then thrown into the street.

Herbert S. Worthley, Frank H. Mitchell, Henry B. Schmitt, Louis G. Stillerman, Doubleday, Capt. Alexander Bacon, Mr. Joseph A. Whiting, W. K. Gardner, M. E. Moore, C. H. Hyde and C. W. Hughes were called to the stand, and they were asked to testify to the fact that they were not armed nor knew of any weapons having been carried by any of the party of watchers on the day of Gravesend.

Col. Bacon was also questioned as to the alleged attack on the anarchist, and the effect that he was going to take an armed force down to Gravesend and arrest the anarchist.

Col. Bacon flatly denied ever having been in the neighborhood of the anarchist, and said that he was not in the neighborhood of the anarchist.

A BIG JOB.

Will They Get Away with It?

DIDN'T KNOW ANGEL GABRIEL.

But Witness Gleason Said He Hoped to Some Time.

Continuation of the Howe-Woodruff \$50,000 Damage Suit.

The trial of the suit of Ithamar Howe against Isaac O. Woodruff to recover \$50,000 for alienation of his wife's affections was resumed before Judge Ingraham, of the Supreme Court, this morning.

The last witness yesterday was O. J. Carroll, who testified what he saw and heard of the keyhole of a room alleged to have been occupied by Woodruff and Mrs. Howe, in a Sixth avenue hotel, in which the witness was a waiter.

At the conclusion of Carroll's testimony, the defense called to the stand the first witness of the morning, which was Andrew W. Gleason, a member of the Magistrate's Club.

Gleason swore that in the Summer of 1901 he was in the neighborhood of the defendant, and that he saw him in the neighborhood of the defendant.

Gleason was also questioned as to the alleged attack on the anarchist, and the effect that he was going to take an armed force down to Gravesend and arrest the anarchist.

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POISONED A CHILD'S BLOOD.

Troy Says His Babe Is Dying as the Result of Vaccination.

Health Officials and the Father Accuse Each Other of Neglect.

A Dive Noted for Its "Knocker Out" Practices Closed at Last.

According to the story told by John Troy, a laborer, who lives in a tenement at 216 East Eighty-first street, his two-year-old son Stephen is dying in the Presbyterian Hospital from blood-poisoning, the result of vaccination by a Health Department physician. The child was taken to the hospital at 4 o'clock this morning.

Troy charges the Health Department with neglect, and says that if the doctor had treated the child correctly the present illness would have been avoided.

The apartments of the Troys are equally and neighbors say the children do not receive proper care.

According to Troy's story, a Board of Health physician called at the house on Jan. 24 and vaccinated the boy. A few days later the child's arm became terribly inflamed and swollen, and the little fellow suffered greatly. Troy wrote to the Health Department and Dr. Zaunreiter, of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases, called at the tenement. Some papers were presented by Dr. Zaunreiter, and the father was told to keep the child under observation since the patient would recover in a few days.

The boy grew sicker, and Troy says he again notified the Health Department, but no further attention was paid to the case. He was told to keep the child under observation since the patient would recover in a few days.

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RAIDED "THE SHAMROCK."

The Police Batter the Doors In and Capture Nineteen Inmates.

A Dive Noted for Its "Knocker Out" Practices Closed at Last.

A squad of Capt. Gallagher's policemen from the East Twenty-second street station swooped down last night about 11 o'clock on "The Shamrock" saloon, run by Thomas Shantley, at 332 East Twenty-fourth street. When they returned to the station-house they took with them eleven men, besides the proprietor and two women.

Capt. Gallagher has had his eye on "The Shamrock" for months. The reputation of the place was widespread in the neighborhood. It is believed to have furnished more "knocker-out" drinks than any other dive in the city.

Shantley's license was out last August. He has been fighting hard for a renewal, but was opposed by the strong opposition of Capt. Gallagher and did not succeed. The place has been running since then on a "knocker-out" basis.

The reports received by the Health Department from the neighborhood of the Shamrock were so closely watched that no direct evidence could be obtained against it.

The saloon is on the ground floor of a big tenement, which holds sixteen families, and the inmates of the floors above were scandalized last night after the raid.

The raiding party gathered there were always behind locked doors. No outsider was admitted until he was identified to the satisfaction of the proprietor. Shantley had been arrested several times for violation of the Excise laws, but he exercised a big pull and invariably came out of his difficulties triumphant.

On Saturday night the shindy in "The Shamrock" was unusually boisterous. Capt. Gallagher and his men were out on patrol, and they saw the place was a hot spot.

Farrell shadowed the place yesterday and got all the evidence he wanted. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon he saw the place was a hot spot.

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EXTRA.
2 O'CLOCK.

14 INCHES OF SNOW.

And the Big Storm Is to Be Followed by an Old-Time Cold Snap.

DUE TO ARRIVE HERE TO-NIGHT

Northport Train on the Long Island Railroad Derailed by a Snowdrift.

MAILS DELAYED A FEW HOURS.

Now the Storm Centre Is on the Atlantic and Mariners Will Have a Fierce Time.

"Now look out for a genuine old-fashioned cold snap."

That is Weather Forecaster Dunn's advice to the public to-day, and he usually knows what he is talking about. There is a big wave following close on the tail of the snow storm, and it is scheduled to reach this vicinity late this afternoon or this evening.

The ground hog has gone into his winter quarters again, and Mr. Dunn himself has laid aside his palm-leaf fans and has thought it wise to shake the camphor out of his sea-sickness coat and get it ready for business.

While this latest storm cannot conform in severity with the famous blizzard of 1888, in many respects it is quite as remarkable. One noteworthy feature is its wide extent. Not a square mile of territory in the whole United States has escaped, and according to all accounts, it has cut the widest swath on record.

In New York the snow-fall from noon yesterday up to 8 A. M. to-day was a trifle more than twelve inches, which is greater than the same length of time that the blizzard of 1888 had snowed for three days. When it reaches this vicinity, two more inches must be added to this for the fall up to noon to-day.

The worst, however, is now over, and the storm centre is passing out to sea. This morning it was located by the weather service somewhere off the Middle Atlantic coast, and a considerable distance out.

Though last winter was remarkable for its excessive snowfall, there was no single storm equal to this one. The big snow storm of Feb. 15, 1888, when eleven or twelve inches of snow fell, was still snowing in the morning of this storm. New England and north of Pennsylvania were under a heavy blanket of snow, with a big drop in the mercury.

The winds still continue high along the coast, and a snow storm is being formed. This morning the velocity of the wind was forty-eight miles an hour. Last night it reached a peak of sixty miles. The maximum velocity in this storm hit reached forty-two miles an hour. It is still moving directly toward this vicinity, and the danger in vessels which are out at sea is great.

As the storm centre is passing out to sea, it is impossible for any vessel north of the Florida coast to escape it. The full effects of the storm will be felt in the next few days, and it will not be known for many days.

Storm signals are still flying all along the coast, and a snow storm is being formed. This morning the velocity of the wind was forty-eight miles an hour. Last night it reached a peak of sixty miles. The maximum velocity in this storm hit reached forty-two miles an hour. It is still moving directly toward this vicinity, and the danger in vessels which are out at sea is great.

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